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Safety Data Sheet (SDS)

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200. Prepared to GHS Rev03.

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Product Name Distributor Telephone

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Beavercreek, OH 45434 800-255-3924 ChemTel Inc. (MIS8507735)

Chemical Name

Calcium Oxide, Calcium Carbonate, Calcium Hydroxide

Uses

Soil Stabilization, De-Watering, Solidification, Fixation, Neutralization, Desulphurization, Agriculture, Cement

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture



GHS03 Exclamation Mark



GHS05 Corrosion

Signal word Danger

Hazard-determining components of labeling

Calcium Oxide, Calcium Carbonate, Calcium Hydroxide

Hazard Statements

H303 May be harmful if swallowed

H315 Causes skin irritation

H319 Causes serious eye irritationH335 May cause respiratory irritation

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Precautionary statements

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand

P102	Keep out of reach of children
P280	Wear protective gloves, clothing, eye protection
P281	Use personal protective equipment as required
P284	Wear respiratory protection

Section 3. Composition						
Component	Formula	% Wt.	CAS No.	PEL		
Calcium Carbonate	CaCO₃	0-30	1317-65-3	10 mg/m ³		
Calcium Oxide	CaO	20-80	1305-78-8	2 mg/m ³		
Calcium Hydroxide	Ca(OH) ₂	0-10	1305-62-0	5 mg/m ³		
Calcium Magnesium	CaMg(CO ₃) ₂	0-30	16389-88-1	10 mg/m ³		
Carbonate						
Crystalline Silica	SiO ₂	0-10	14808-60-7	0.1 mg/m ^{3 respirable}		
Quartz						
Aluminum Oxide	Al ₂ O ₃	0-15	1344-28-1	10 mg/m ³		
Ferric Oxide	Fe ₂ O ₃	0-5	1309-37-1	15 mg/m ³		
Magnesium Oxide	MgO	0-60	1309-48-4	5 mg/m ³		
Sulfur	SO ₃	0-10	7704-34-9	10 mg/m ³		

SECTION 4. First-Aid Measures

Effects:

Inhalation: Acute: Irritation, sore throat, cough, sneezing. Chronic: Persistent coughing and breathing

problems. Long-term exposure to silica can cause a chronic lung disorder, silicosis.

Eyes: Acute: Severe irritation, intense tearing, burns. Chronic: Possible blindness when exposure is

prolonged.

Skin: Acute: Removes natural skin oils, blotches, itching and superficial burns in case of

sweating. **Chronic:** No known effects.

Ingestion: Acute: Sore throat, stomach aches, cramps, diarrhea, vomiting. Chronic: No known effects.

Treatments:

Inhalation: Move victim to fresh air. Seek medical attention if necessary. If breathing has stopped, give

artificial respiration.

Eyes: Immediately flush eyes with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Pull back the eyelid

to make sure all the lime dust has been washed out. Seek medical attention immediately. Do

not rub eyes.

Skin: Flush exposed area with large amounts of water. Seek medical attention immediately.

Ingestion: Give large quantities of water or fruit juice. Do not induce vomiting. Seek medical

attention immediately. Never give anything by mouth if victim is rapidly losing consciousness or

is unconscious or convulsing.

SECTION 5. Fire-Fighting Measures

Flash Point: Non-flammable

Autoignition Temperature: Non-flammable

Inflammability Limits: None, Non combustible solid, but will support combustion by liberation of oxygen

Explosion Risk: None by itself, but heat produced by reaction with strong acids can generate steam and pressure

Hazardous Combustion Products: Decomposes to produce calcium oxide (CaO), which can react with water to produce steam and pressure

Extinguishing Media: Use dry chemical fire extinguisher. Do not use water or halogenated compounds, except that large amounts of water may be used to deluge small quantities of lime kiln dust. Use appropriate extinguishing media for surrounding fire conditions.

Fire Fighting Instructions: Keep personnel away from and upwind of fire. Wear full fire-fighting turn-out gear (full Bunker gear), and respiratory protection (self-contained breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6. Accidental Release Measures

Individual and collective precautions: Avoid creating conditions which release dust – use mechanical vacuums to remove dust from work spaces.

Avoid inhalation of Dust: Wear respiratory protection – minimum NIOSH N-95 Dust Mask.

Cleaning methods (Leaks & Spills): Use personal protective equipment (eyes, skin and inhalation, see Section 8). Use dry methods (vacuuming, sweeping) to collect spilled materials. Avoid generating dust. For large spills, evacuate area downwind of clean-up area operations to minimize dust exposure. For small spills, store spilled materials in dry, sealed plastic or metal containers. Dust residue on surfaces may be washed with water.

Precautions for the protection of the environment: May not be released into surface waters without controls (increases pH).

Waste Disposal: Dispose according to federal, provincial/state and local environmental regulations.

SECTION 7. Handling and Storage

Handling: In open air or in ventilated places, avoid skin and eye contact, avoid creating airborne dust.

Storage: Store in dry places sheltered from humidity. Keep away from acids. Keep out of reach of children.

SECTION 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Exposure Limits:

Calcium Carbonate: 15 mg/m³ (total dust), 5 mg/m³ (respirable) (OSHA); 10 mg/m³ (ACGIH, O. Reg. 833);

Calcium oxide: 5 mg/m³ (OSHA); 2 mg/m³ (ACGIH, O. Reg. 833); Calcium Magnesium Carbonate: 10 mg/m³ (ACGIH, OSHA) Calcium Magnesium Oxide: 2 mg/m³ (ACGIH, OSHA)

Magnesium Carbonate: 15 mg/m³ (total dust), 5 mg/m³ (respirable) (OSHA); 5 mg/m³ (ACGIH, O. Reg. 833); 10

mg/m³ (ACGIH, O. Reg. 833);

Calcium Hydroxide: mg/m³ (total dust), 5 mg/m³ (respirable) (OSHA); 5 mg/m³ (ACGIH, O. Reg. 833)

Magnesium oxide: 15 mg/m³ (OSHA); 10 mg/m³ (ACGIH, O. Reg. 833)

Silica (crystalline quartz): 2.5 mg/m³ (total dust), 0.8 mg/m³ (respirable) (OSHA); 0.5 mg/m³ (respirable – ACGIH);

0.1 mg/m³ (O. Reg. 845)

Engineering Controls: Use ventilation and dust collection to control exposure to below applicable limits.

Respiratory Protection: Wear NIOSH N-95 Dust Mask.

Eye Protection: Eye protection (chemical goggles, safety glasses and/or face shield)

should be worn where there is a risk of lime exposure. Contact lenses

should not be work when working with lime products.

Hand Protection: Use clean dry gloves.

Skin Protection: Cover body with suitable clothes (long sleeves shirts and trousers).

Use over the angle waterproof caustic resistant footwear.

SECTION 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance: Solid, white/tan/gray powder

Odor: Odorless
Odor Threshold: NA

pH: 12.4 pH graduated solution at 25° C

Melting Point: 1410° C
Boiling Point: 1565° C
Flash Point: NA
Evaporation Rate: NA
Flammability: NA
Upper/Lower Flammability NA

Vapor Pressure (+tº) Non volatile.

Vapor Density (air=ml): Non volatile.

Relative Density: 720-1130 kg/ m³

Solubility in Water: 0.100 - 1.125g/100g - reactive with water to product Ca(OH)₂

with large amounts of heat

Partition coefficient: NA
Auto-Ignition Temperature: NA
Decomposition Temperature: 580°C
Viscosity: NA

SECTION 10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability: Stable products, not very soluble.

Decomposition temperature: 580°C, forms calcium oxide (CaO) and water.

Reactivity: Reacts with acids to form calcium salts while generating heat.

Reacts with carbon dioxide in air to form calcium carbonate.

Conditions to avoid: Vicinity of incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials: Acids; reactive fluoridated, brominated or phosphorous

compounds; aluminum (may form hydrogen gas), reactive powdered metals;

organic acid anhydrides; nitro-organic compounds; interhalogenated

compounds.

Hazardous decomposition

products:

Calcium oxide (CaO).

SECTION 11. Toxicological Information

Toxicity: LD₅₀ oral (rat) for calcium hydroxide is 7340 mg/kg. This product is not listed by MSA, OSHA,

or IARC as a carcinogen, but this product may contain crystalline silica, which has been classified by IARC as (Group 1) carcinogenic to humans when inhaled in the form of quartz or

cristobalite. No reported Carcinogenicity, Reproductive Effects, Teratogenicity or

Mutagenicity.

Exposure Limits: Refer to Section 8.

Irritancy: Can cause severe irritation of eyes, skin, respiratory tract and gastrointestinal tract.

Chronic Exposure: Inhalation of silica can cause a chronic lung disorder, silicosis.

SECTION 12. Ecological Information

Alkaline substance that increases pH to 12.4 in a saturated water solution at 25°C.

Calcium hydroxide gradually reacts with CO₂ in air to form calcium carbonate (CaCO₃).

Calcium carbonate is ecologically neutral.

Uncontrolled spillage in surface waters should be avoided since the increase pH could be detrimental to fish.

Harmful to aquatic life in high concentration.

SECTION 13. Disposal Considerations

Dispose according to federal, provincial/state and local environmental regulations.

SECTION 14. Transportation Information

Classification: TDG: Not listed for ground transportation

HMR: Not listed for ground transportation

TDG: Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulation (Canada)

HMR: Hazardous Materials Regulation (USA)

SECTION 15. Regulatory Information

Symbol: WHMIS Rating

D2A, E

NFPA RATING

HEALTH-3 SPECIFIC HAZARD - ALK FLASH POINTS-0 REACTIVITY-1

HMIS RATING

HEALTH-2 SPECIFIC HAZARD - ALK FLASH POINTS-0 REACTIVITY-1

SECTION 16. Other Information

Original Prepared: 05/13/13 Revision Date: 07/7/16

Revision #: 2

Calciment can be removed from vehicles using rags dampened with dilute vinegar. After applying dilute vinegar, vehicles (especially chrome surfaces) must be washed with water.

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